

Manejo del paciente con ictus mediante una estrategia automatizada basada en aprendizaje automático

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¿preguntas clínicas?

-> ESTUDIO INTRAHOSPITALARIO



PREDICCIÓN - DIAGNÓSTICO

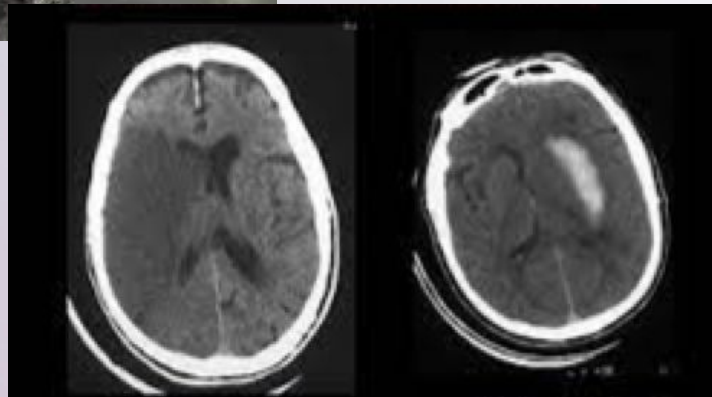
MORTALIDAD

COMPLICACIONES

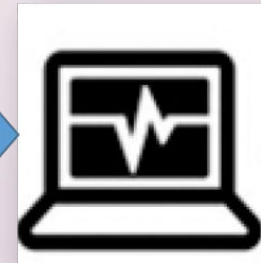
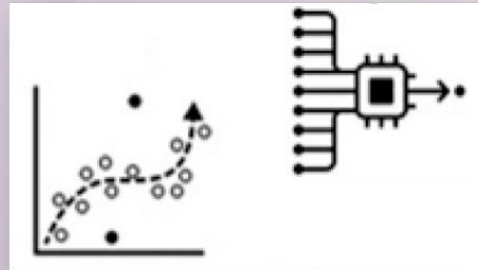
RECURRENCIA

ISQUEMIA
vs
HEMORRAGIA

OCLUSIÓN DE
GRAN VASO



ESTUDIO PREDICCIÓN COMPLICACIONES FASE AGUDA INTRAHOSPITALARIA



Monitorización de variables UI

Procesamiento de datos
Modelamiento estadístico/ algoritmo
Predicción

Propuesta resolutive

Implementación



¿diagnóstico de oclusión de gran vaso?

-> ESTUDIO EXTRAHOSPITALARIO



escala MADRID DIRECT

El ICTUS es un problema grave.
Si actúas rápidamente, puedes evitar daños irreversibles.

SI DE REPENTE:

		
No puede mover el brazo	Habla y dice cosas raras	Tiene la boca torcida



Todo indica un problema
Que hay que solucionar
Puede ser un **ictus**,
un infarto cerebral






112
has de llamar

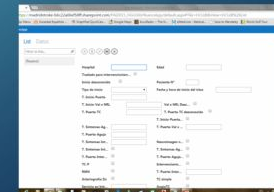
Is it a stroke?

Act **F.A.S.T.**

				
	FACE droops	ARM weakness	SPEECH difficulty	TIME is critical.



CÓDIGO ICTUS



“LA SUMA DE TODOS”



SISTEMA ORGANIZATIVO

- Hospitales sin Unidad de Ictus



- Unidades de Ictus

- 10 % hemorragias
- 10 % no vasculares
- Trombolisis iv
- Trombectomía mecánica



- Centros de Ictus 8-15h



Demora asistencial

- Centros de guardia Neurointervencionismo



Gestor caso
SAMUR 13.1
MADRID-DIRECT



**CODIGO ICTUS
EXTRAHOSPITALARIO**

Traslado a UI = Centro de
Ictus en horario laboral



Traslado directo a centro
de intervencionismo en
horario de guardia:
TARDES Y FESTIVOS



Hospital con UI



Demora asistencial



Traslado secundario



**Centro de
Intervencionismo**



Si criterios MADRID-DIRECT ≥ 2
Gestor caso



PREDICTIVE



PUBLIC

PERSONALIZED



PREVENTIVE



PSYCHOSOCIAL



PARTICIPATORY

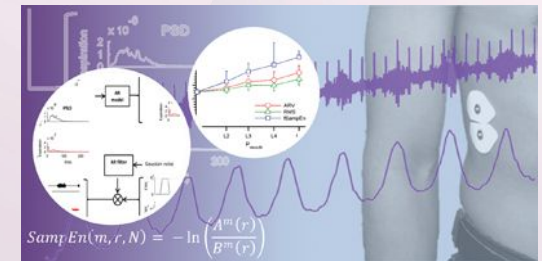


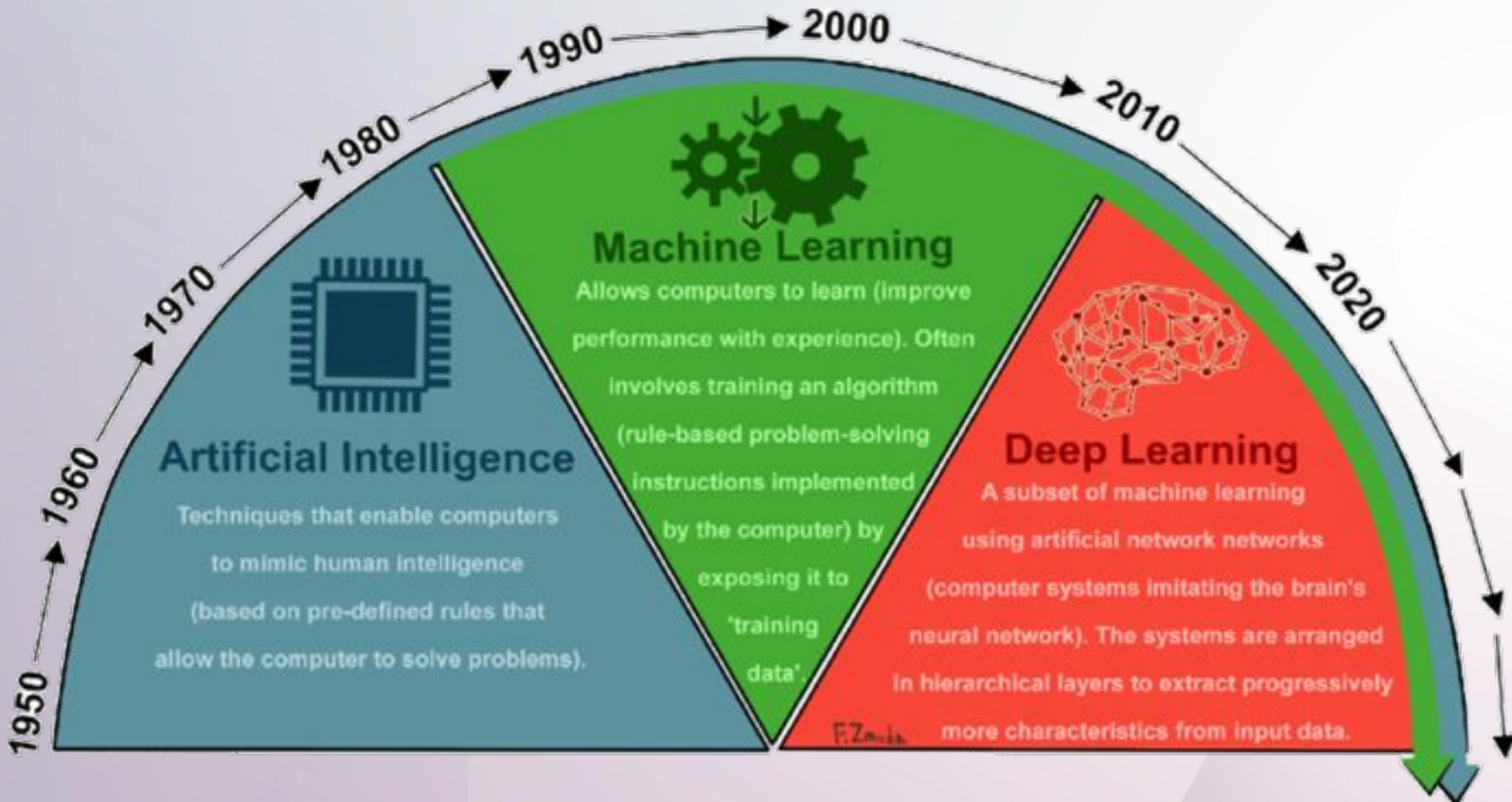
The P6 Medicine



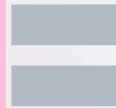
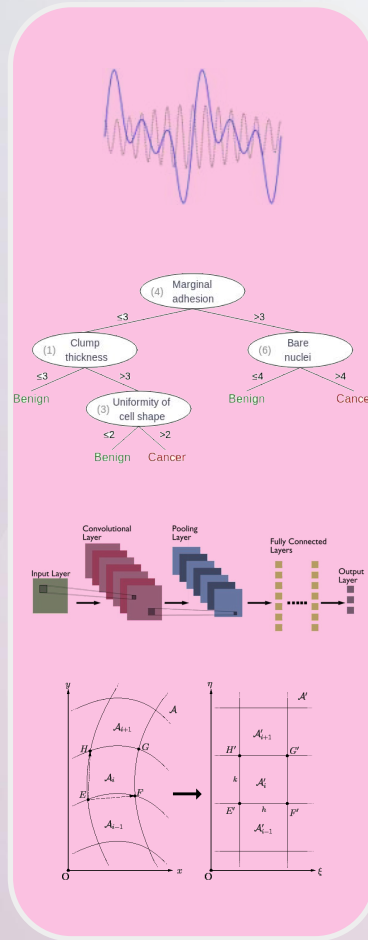
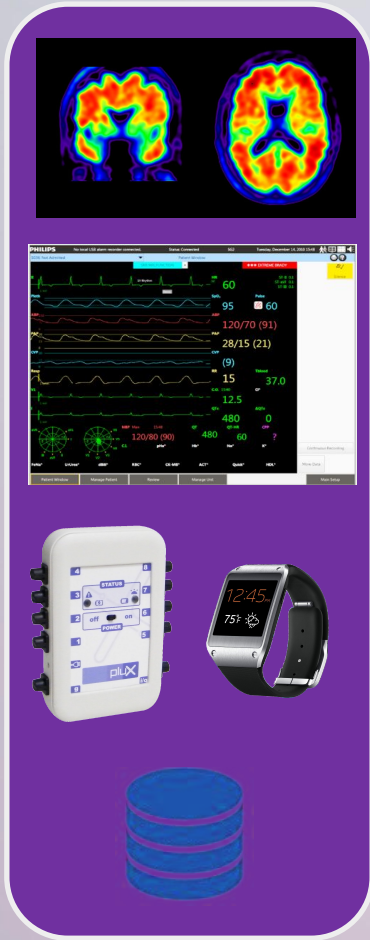


Bioengineering & Biocomputing





From a data engineering perspective



Automatic Diagnosis

Prediction of events

Treatment Personalization

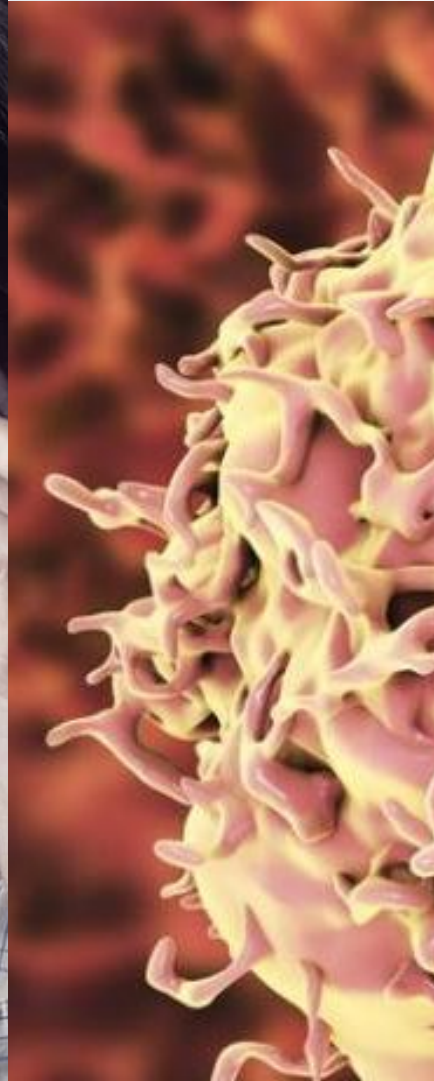
Real-time tools

mHealth

Cloud services

ation







ace
alzheimer
center
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Comunidad de Madrid

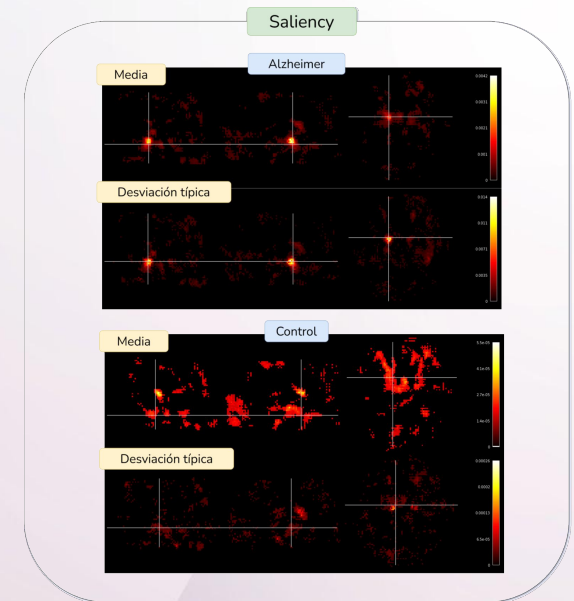
Dementia

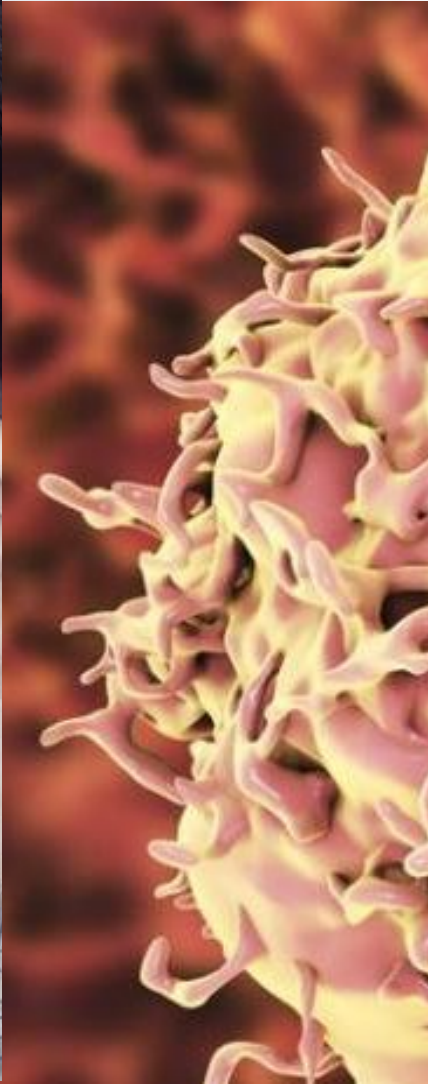
Automatic diagnosis
Prediction of evolution
Treatment personalization

Data: neuroimages, genomics, cognitive assessment data, EEG, biomarkers.

Deep learning techniques for **PET and tau-PET**, interpretability, temporal models from blood **biomarkers**, graph neural networks for **PPI**, evolutionary feature selection from cognitive tests, personalized **TMS** protocol from **EEG** data

4 clinical trials, more than 10 Q1 journal papers, 3 PhD thesis







Migraine

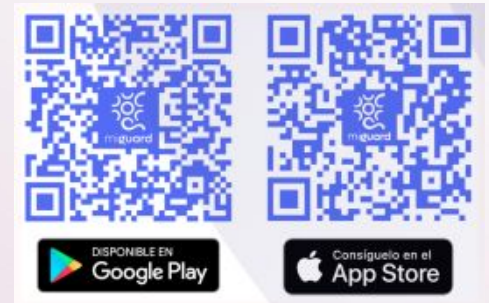


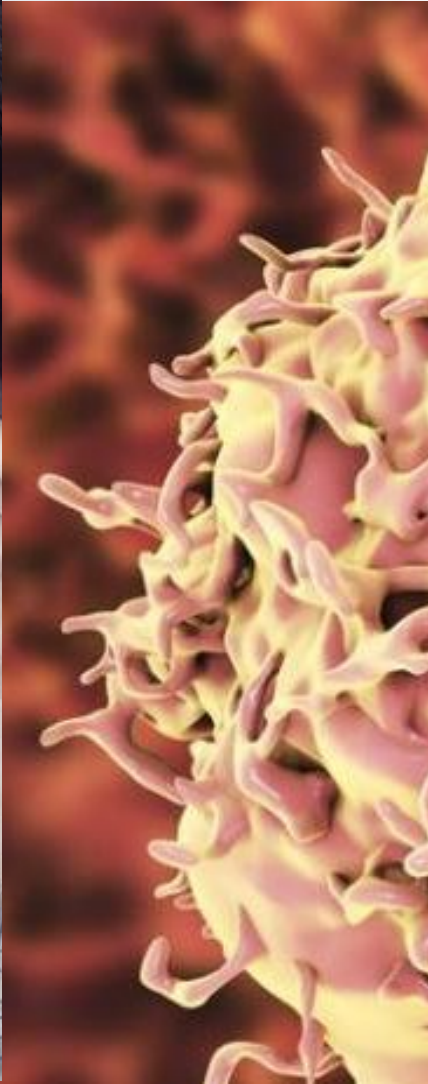
Prediction of pain
Treatment personalization
Patient profiling

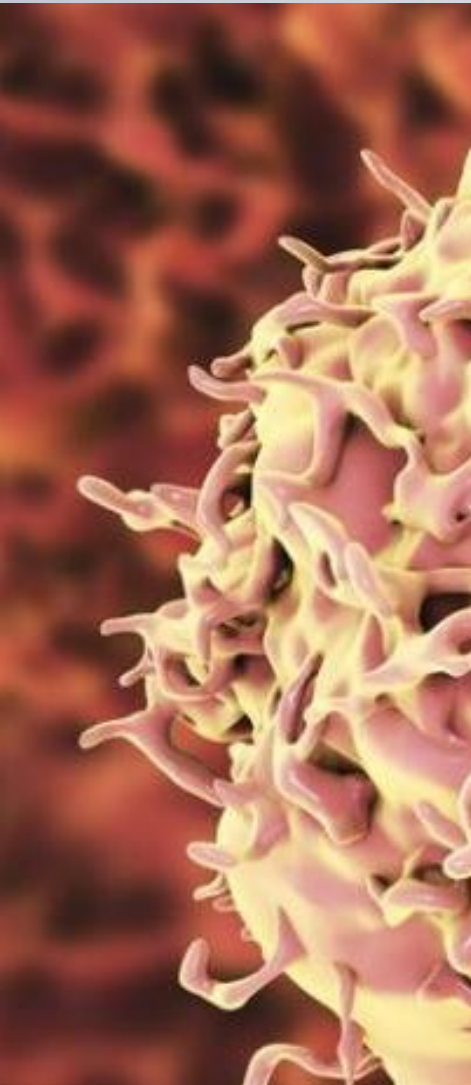
Data: ambulatory hemodynamic data, blood biomarkers, clinical scales, self-reported questionnaires, atmospheric variables.

Signal processing techniques for real-time data from **wearables**, **predictive** machine learning models, patient's **response** to Botox from blood tests, gamification techniques to improve **adherence** to apps, mHealth

3 clinical trials, 5 Q1 journal papers, 2 PhD thesis, 3 patents, 1 spin-off company, 10 innovation awards







Cancer

Treatment personalization

Prediction of pain

Data: ambulatory hemodynamic data, blood biomarkers, clinical scales, RNA sequencing

Deep learning techniques for **immunotherapy** and **chemotherapy personalization**, signal processing techniques for **real-time** data from wearables, **predictive** machine learning models, **mHealth**

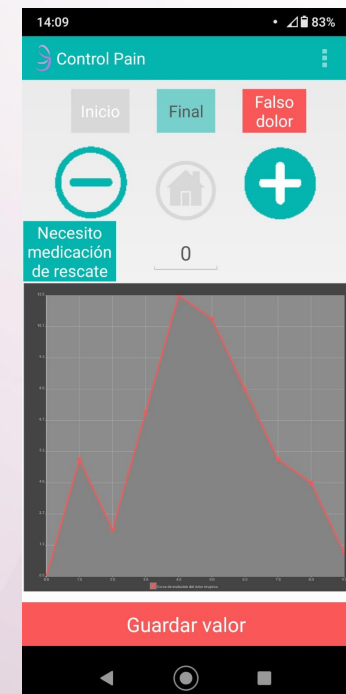
2 clinical trials, 1 Q1 journal paper, 1 patent, 1 national large-scale consortium

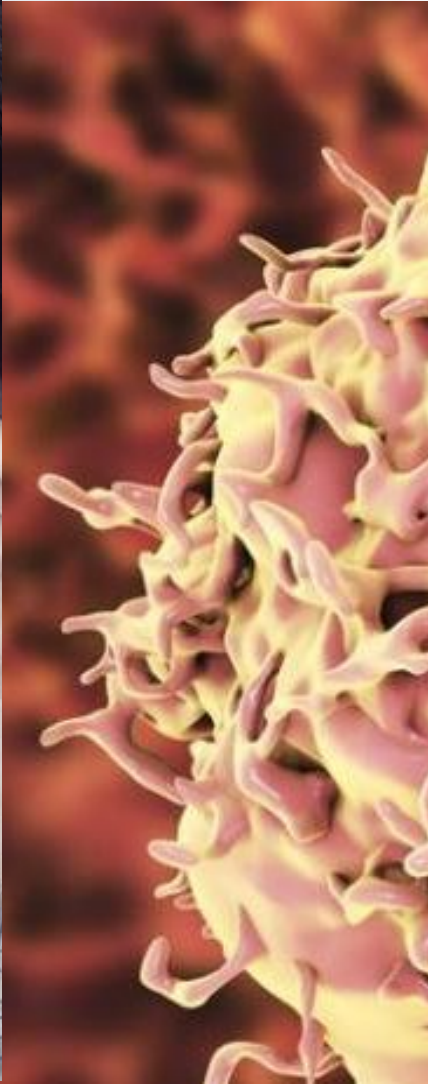


cnio Centro Nacional de Investigaciones Oncológicas

cima CENTRO DE INVESTIGACIÓN MÉDICA APLICADA UNIVERSIDAD DE NAVARRA

HM HOSPITAL UNIVERSITARIO hm sanchinarro







Stroke

- Automatic diagnosis
- Prediction of evolution
- Treatment personalization

Data: hemodynamic data, clinical scales, clinician's feedback.

Machine learning models for automatic **subtype diagnosis**, and **prediction** of events (exitus, bleeding), real-time **recommender** systems to support acute **treatment** decisions.

1 in-hospital clinical trial, 1 out-of-hospital clinical trial, 2 Q1 journal papers, 2 PhD thesis, 1 national large-scale cooperative network, 1 running demonstrator

Table 9: Stroke diagnosis model: performance metrics

Perf. metric	DTW	Nearest Neighbour	Gradient Boost	Random Forests	Decision Tree
Sensitivity	0.8736	0.9134	0.9783	0.9567	0.8881
Specificity	0.9509	0.9701	0.9957	0.9893	0.9594
F-Measure	0.8930	0.9301	0.9855	0.9689	0.9077
Accuracy	0.9221	0.9490	0.9893	0.9772	0.9329
ROC Area	0.9123	0.9417	0.9870	0.9730	0.9237
PRC Area	0.9169	0.9794	0.9994	0.9975	0.9290
Avg	0.9115	0.9473	0.9892	0.9771	0.9235

Table 10: Exitus prediction: performance metrics

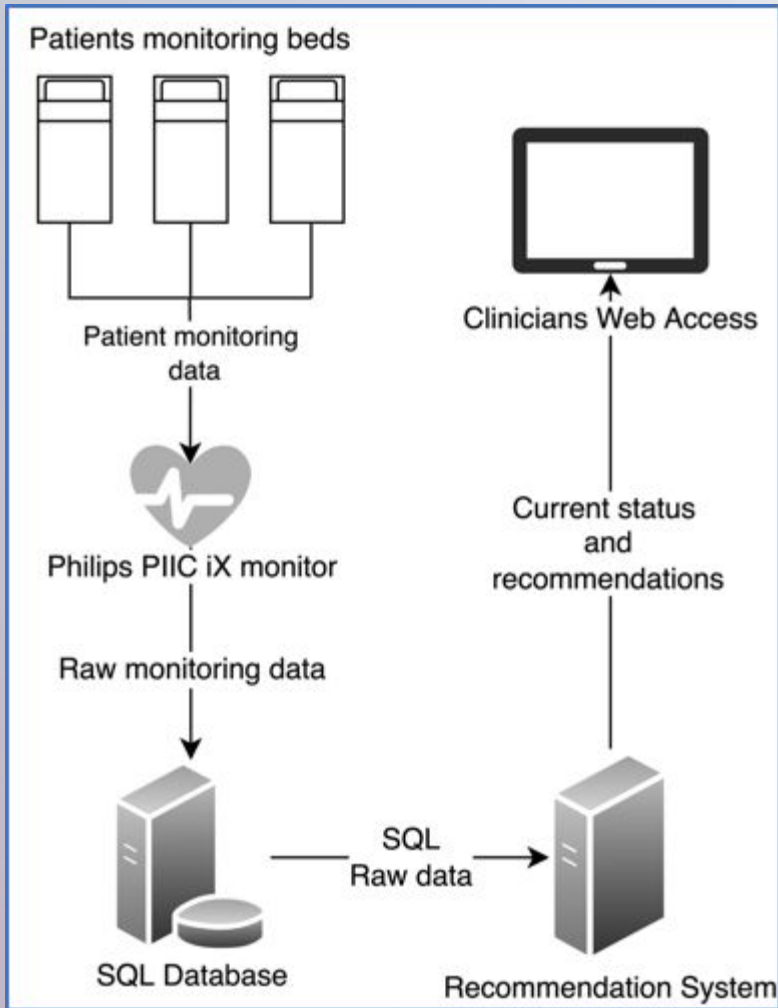
Perf. metric	DTW	Nearest Neighbour	GradientBoost	AdaBoost	Random Forests
sensitivity	0.8757	0.9416	0.9981	0.9718	0.9812
Specificity	0.9407	0.9844	0.9990	0.9825	1.0000
F-Measure	0.8798	0.9551	0.9981	0.9690	0.9905
Accuracy	0.9185	0.9699	0.9987	0.9788	0.9936
ROC Area	0.9082	0.9630	0.9986	0.9771	0.9906
PRC Area	0.9010	0.9836	1.0000	0.9940	0.9999
Avg	0.9040	0.9663	0.9988	0.9789	0.9926

Table 11: Stroke recurrence prediction: performance metrics

Perf. metric	DTW	Nearest Neighbour	GradientBoost	AdaBoost	Random Forests
Sensitivity	0.9231	0.9038	0.9231	0.9808	0.9808
Specificity	0.9896	0.9792	0.9583	0.9375	0.9896
F-Measure	0.9505	0.9307	0.9231	0.9358	0.9808
Accuracy	0.9662	0.9527	0.9459	0.9527	0.9865
ROC Area	0.9563	0.9415	0.9407	0.9591	0.9852
PRC Area	0.9648	0.9841	0.9892	0.9919	0.9993
Avg	0.9584	0.9487	0.9467	0.9596	0.9870



ESTUDIO INTRAHOSPITALARIO predicción



Patient [REDACTED]

Age

Gender Male Female

Stroke type Ischaemic Hemorrhagic Mimic Stroke





Exitus probability

#	NHC	Exitus probability (%)	Mean Accumulated exitus probability (%)
1	<input type="button" value="Edit"/>	Wait a few more seconds for results	N/A
2	<input type="button" value="Edit"/>	0.00%	0.00%
3	<input type="button" value="Edit"/>	Insert patient information ⁽¹⁾	N/A
4	<input type="button" value="Edit"/>	0.05%	0.04%
5 ⁽⁴⁾	<input type="button" value="Edit"/>	99.49% ⁽²⁾	86.84% ⁽³⁾

#	EV	FR	FC	SPO2	Rhythm Estimation	ST-II	Perfusion	Feedback
Last observation ⁽⁵⁾	0	23	66	92	Ritmo SV	0.2	1.8	
Recommendation #1 - (keep for 2.5 mins) ⁽⁶⁾	0	17	67	96	Ritmo sinusal	-0.57	4.34	<input type="button" value="Feedback"/> ⁽⁸⁾
Recommendation #2 - (keep for 2.5 mins)	0	17	61	96	Ritmo sinusal	-0.57	4.31	<input type="button" value="Feedback"/> ⁽⁷⁾
Recommendation #3 - (keep for 2.5 mins)	0	17	67	96	Ritmo sinusal	-0.57	4.31	<input type="button" value="Feedback"/>



Exitus probability

#	NHC	Scheduled Admission	Exitus probability (%)	Mean Accumulated exitus probability (%)
1	 Edit	False	Variable ST-II is not being monitored, the system is not able to calculate exitus probability	N/A
2	 Edit	False	Variable ST-II is not being monitored, the system is not able to calculate exitus probability	N/A
3	 Edit	False	Variable EV is not being monitored, the system is not able to calculate exitus probability	99.98%
4	 Edit	False	32.46%	25.01%



ESTUDIO INTRAHOSPITALARIO recomendador

Exitus probability									
#	NHC	Exitus probability (%)	Mean Accumulated exitus probability (%)						
1	<input type="text"/> Edit	Wait a few more seconds for results	N/A						
2	<input type="text"/> Edit	0.00%	0.00%						
3	<input type="text"/> Edit	Insert patient information ⁽¹⁾	N/A						
4	<input type="text"/> Edit	0.05%	0.04%						
5 ⁽⁴⁾	<input type="text"/> Edit	99.49% ⁽²⁾	86.84% ⁽³⁾						
#		EV	FR	FC	SPO2	Rhythm Estimation	ST-II	Perfusion	Feedback
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Recommendation #3 - (keep for 2.5 mins)		0	17	67	96	Ritmo sinusal	-0.57	4.31	



ESTUDIO INTRAHOSPITALARIO recomendador

Exitus probability

#	NHC	Exitus probability (%)	Mean Accumulated exitus probability (%)
1	<input type="checkbox"/> Edit	Wait a few more seconds for results	N/A
2	<input type="checkbox"/> Edit	0.00%	0.00%
3	<input type="checkbox"/> Edit	Insert patient information ⁽¹⁾	N/A
4	<input type="checkbox"/> Edit	0.05%	0.04%
5 ⁽⁴⁾	<input type="checkbox"/> Edit	99.49% ⁽²⁾	86.84% ⁽³⁾

#	EV	FR	FC	SPO2	Rhythm Estimation	ST-II	Perfusion	Feedback
Last observation	0	24	81	100	Ritmo sinusal	1.5	0.58	
Recommendation #1 - (keep for 2.5 mins)	0	20	64	100	Fib/Taqui Vent	-3.47	2.53	
Recommendation #2 - (keep for 2.5 mins)	0	25	138	99	Ritmo vent.	-0.38	6.63	
Recommendation #3 - (keep for 2.5 mins)	0	36	107	98	Trigemin. vent.	-2.1	16.36	



ESTUDIO EXTRAHOSPITALARIO



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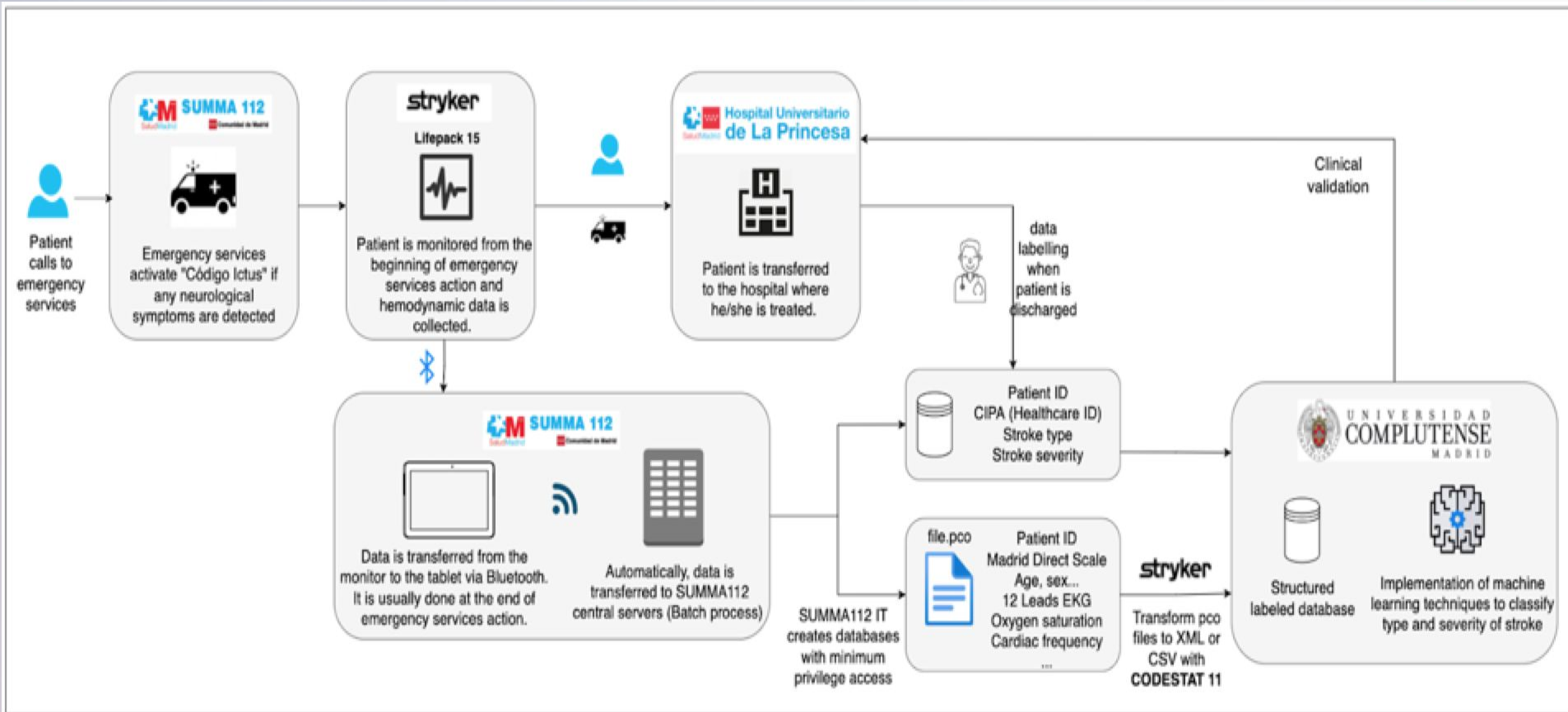


SaludMadrid
SUMMA 112



DETECTAR OCLUSIÓN DE GRAN VASO

ESTUDIO EXTRAHOSPITALARIO



estado actual

INTRAHOSPITALARIO

- refinamiento modelos de predicción establecidos (diagnóstico y pronóstico)
- búsqueda y validación de nuevos modelos de predicción
- puesta en marcha recomendador

EXTRAHOSPITALARIO

- estableciendo el flujo de datos clínicos y hemodinámicos, así como su ETIQUETADO de forma fluida y dinámica
- PREPARADOS PARA ANALIZAR



conclusiones

- Es posible **diagnosticar** (hemorragia vs isquemia) y **predecir complicaciones** en la fase aguda del ictus con datos de monitorización mediante técnicas de aprendizaje automático en un medio “controlado” de monitorización
- Diseño y puesta en marcha **SISTEMA RECOMENDADOR** para evitar complicaciones neurológicas fase aguda.
- Confirmar que es posible en el ámbito extrahospitalario - diagnóstico de OCLUSIÓN DE GRAN VASO

ABIERTOS A COLABORAR...

